The National Childminding Association of Ireland Annual Report and Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

FHM Accountants
Chartered Certified Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Suite 3

Market Court
Bray
Co. Wicklow

greene gre Company Number: 283469

The National Childminding Association of Ireland CONTENTS

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The National Childminding Association of Ireland DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Mary Maloney (Resigned 2 November 2021) **Directors**

Thomas Dunne (Resigned 12 June 2021)

Aedin O'Toole Gwyneth Brophy Marian Murray

Anghard Ryan (Resigned 2 October 2021)

Mary Walsh Elizabeth Butler

Geraldine Galvin (Appointed 2 October 2021)

Sylvia Avramova-Elworthy (Appointed 2 October 2021) Sharon McDonagh (Appointed 12 November 2021) Rebecca Sullivan Lynch (Appointed 12 November

2021)

Bernadette Orbinski Burke **Company Secretary**

283469 **Company Number**

Charity Number 11504

1st Floor, 39 Wexford Road **Registered Office**

> Arklow Co. Wicklow

Auditors FHM Accountants

Chartered Certified Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Suite 3 Market Court Bray Co. Wicklow

Bank of Ireland **Bankers**

Greystones Co. Wicklow Republic of Ireland

Augustus Cullen Law Solicitors 7 Wentworth Place

Co. Wicklow

The National Childminding Association of Ireland DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

Principal Activity and Review of the Business

Childminding Ireland, the National Body for Childminding in Ireland, is a small and ambitious organisation offering support and information to all childminders and to parents using childminding services. As an organisation our contact style is warm, open and supportive with all childminding contacts the success of this style is reflected in our increased database which as at the end of the year has risen to 4,411, approximately an 8%year-on-year increase. Despite the increases, the fact remains that the vast majority of childminders remain outside any system of supports. We believe that there must be practical and tangible incentives developed to encourage childminders to start and to continue childminding.

In common with all other organisations and businesses the on-going presence of the Covid-19 pandemic presented significant challenges and concerns. Childminders faced the challenge of running their businesses from their own homes whilst managing infection control procedures, and often balancing vulnerable family members. Childminding Ireland played a central role in keeping childminders informed and supported during this time, including a support line that ran during normal working hours and on out-of-hours support line 2 nights a week.

Given the necessary movement restrictions and the national infection control measures it was not possible to run face-to-face meetings or training with childminders and parents. The staff continued to work from home and to use on-line facilities to meet, plan and deliver the agreed Implementation Plan for the Grant from the Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth (DCEDIY administered by Pobal), together with the Strategic Plan of the Board of Childminding Ireland.

As with many challenges, the changes in daily life brought opportunities as well. Many childminders and parents began to use online platforms for communication and learning. Training was amended to suit online delivery. The variety of online courses was expanded to include a wider range of subject matter for example wellness, childhood nutrition for childminders and how to support anxious children

Childminding Ireland co-hosted its first international academic webinar that proved a great success with over 120 participants online and the webinar recording viewed more than 1000 times. The theme for the webinar was that home-based Childminding is different from other forms of early childhood services. How can that difference be described and developed? What difference does it make to the experiences of young children and their families? The webinar was co-hosted with Researching Early Childhood Education Collaborative (RECEC), School of Education, Trinity College Dublin and included contributions from School of Languages, Law & Social Sciences, Technological University Dublin and California State University Northridge.

In terms of the childminding sector itself, in spring 2021 the DECDIY launched the Action Plan for Childminding (the Action Plan). Historically, the sector has been unregulated with only around c.77 childminders registering with Tusla the Child and Family Agency out of the tens of thousands of childminders in the country. It is important to note that unless childminders are minding 4 or more pre-school children, or 7 or more school-age children, there is currently no pathway for childminders to become registered with Tusla. In addition, it is widely accepted that the current system of regulation was not designed for, nor is it suitable for childminders.

In summary, not being registered with Tusla does not equate to poor quality. So many childminders are doing a fantastic job of caring for children from babyhood, through national school and often into secondary school. This model of care is often described as an extended family model, with childminders and families remaining close long after the children have stopped attending the setting. The continuity of care, the small group sizes, and the availability of childminding makes it a natural fit for an estimated 88,000 children in Ireland.

The importance of Childsafeguarding, and need for parental access to State childcare subsidies means that registration and regulation is now necessary. The Action Plan is to be developed over the next 7 years, and outlines steps towards regulation, support and subsidies, for all paid, non-relative childminders.

The aim of the Action Plan is to provide greater recognition for childminding and to support childminders in their work of providing high quality childcare. The Action Plan also aims to support parental choice and to increase the availability of flexible and affordable childcare for working parents.

The Action Plan is to be implemented in three phases;

- " Preparatory
- Transition
- Full implementation

We are currently in the preparatory phase and childminding-specific regulations will be developed as will Training Programmes. Options for childminding supports will be examined, support will be made available for childminders

The National Childminding Association of Ireland DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

who meet current requirements to register, and wish to participate in the National Childcare Scheme (NCS). An engagement, consultation and communications strategy will also be developed.

The work outlined by the Action Plan will continue for the next 7 years and the future shape of childminding is evolving. It is vitally important that childminding input is garnered and listened to. Childminding Ireland will be participating in the Action Plan Advisory Groups and Steering Group, and other fora as necessary to support & progress the development of key areas, and to ensure of training and supports are appropriate for the childminding sector.

The DCEDIY has been reviewing the structure of the Early Learning and Care (ELC) sector including representative bodies, and the flexibility of the current structure to meet future needs of ELC. It is expected that the review will be launched in Q1/Q2 of 2022.

Research into childminding in Ireland is an important tool for informing policy, Childminding Ireland plans to maintain its annual research survey, 'Childminding in Ireland' and to be open to collaborating on other childminding research possibilities that arise.

One of Childminding Ireland's key priorities, remains that the voice of the unsupported childminder is included in National Policy considerations and we will continue to work to this end.

The Company is limited by guarantee not having a share capital.

There has been no significant change in these activities during the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

Financial Results

The surplus for the financial year after providing for depreciation amounted to €268 (2020 - €963).

At the end of the financial year, the company has assets of €22,346 (2020 - €17,216) and liabilities of €10,244 (2020 - €5,382). The net assets of the company have increased by €268.

Directors and Secretary

The directors who served throughout the financial year, except as noted, were as follows:

Mary Maloney (Resigned 2 November 2021)
Thomas Dunne (Resigned 12 June 2021)
Aedin O'Toole
Gwyneth Brophy
Marian Murray
Anghard Ryan (Resigned 2 October 2021)
Mary Walsh
Elizabeth Butler
Geraldine Galvin (Appointed 2 October 2021)
Sylvia Avramova-Elworthy (Appointed 2 October 2021)
Sharon McDonagh (Appointed 12 November 2021)
Rebecca Sullivan Lynch (Appointed 12 November 2021)

The secretary who served throughout the financial year was Bernadette Orbinski Burke.

Future Developments

The company plans to continue its present activities and employees are kept as fully informed as practicable about developments within the business.

Post Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end,

Auditors

The auditors, FHM Accountants, (Chartered Certified Accountants) have indicated their willingness to continue in office in accordance with the provisions of section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014.

Taxation Status

The company is a close company within the meaning of the Taxes Consolidation Act, 1997.

The National Childminding Association of Ireland DIRECTORS' REPORT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

Compliance with Circular 44/2006

The directors confirm to the best of their knowledge and belief, the company has coplied with Circular 44/2006.

Accounting Records

To ensure that adequate accounting records are kept in accordance with sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014, the directors have employed appropriately qualified accounting personnel and have maintained appropriate computerised accounting systems. The accounting records are located at the company's office at .

Signed on behalf of the board

Mary Walsh Director Gwyneth Brophy

Director

7 May 2022

7 May 2022

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The National Childminding Association of Ireland DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Mary Walsh Director

7 May 2022

Gwyneth Brophy Director

7 May 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of The National Childminding Association of Ireland

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The National Childminding Association of Ireland ('the company') for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Members' Funds, the Cash Flow Statement and notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 December 2021 and of its surplus for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Emphasis of Matter

In forming our opinion, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in Note 4 to the financial statements concerning the directors' confidence in the charity's ability to continue as a going concern and the availability of sufficient finance to ensure the continued operation of the charity for the foreseeable future. In view of the significance of this matter we consider it should be drawn to your attention but our opinion is not qualified in this respect.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

to the Members of The National Childminding Association of Ireland

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the Company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 7, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is contained in the appendix to this report, located at page 10, which is to be read as an integral part of our report.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Dave Howick F.C.C.A.
for and on behalf of
FHM ACCOUNTANTS
Chartered Certified Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Suite 3
Market Court
Bray
Co. Wicklow

10 May 2022

The National Childminding Association of Ireland APPENDIX TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The National Childminding Association of Ireland INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 €	2020 €
Income	1.	389,760	387,428
Expenditure		(389,492)	(386,437)
Surplus before interest	19H	268	991
Interest payable and similar expenses	6	5477	(28)
Surplus for the financial year		268	963
Total comprehensive income		268	963

Approved by the board on 7 May 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Mary Walsh Director Gwyneth Brophy Director

The National Childminding Association of Ireland BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 December 2021

		2021	2020
N	lotes	€	€
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	8	4,445	7,726
Current Assets			
Debtors	9	10,021	5,015
Cash and cash equivalents		7,880	4,475
		17,901	9,490
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(10,244)	(5,382)
Net Current Assets		7,657	4,108
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		12,102	11,834
Reserves			
Income and expenditure account		12,102	11,834
Equity attributable to owners of the company		12,102	11,834

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 7 May 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Mary Walsh Director Gwyneth Brophy Director

The National Childminding Association of Ireland **RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' FUNDS**

as at 31 December 2021	Retained surplus	Total
	€	€
At 1 January 2020	10,871	10,871
Surplus for the financial year	963	963
At 31 December 2020	11,834	11,834
Surplus for the financial year	268	268
At 31 December 2021	12,102	12,102

The National Childminding Association of Ireland CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The state of the s

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 €	2020 €
Cash flows from operating activities	Notes	•	E
Surplus for the financial year		268	963
Adjustments for:		200	555
Interest payable and similar expenses		2	28
Depreciation		4,741	6,676
		5,009	7,667
Movements in working capital:			
Movement in debtors		(5,006)	4,212
Movement in creditors		4,862	(12,303)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations		4,865	(424)
Interest paid			(28)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities		4,865	(452)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments to acquire tangible assets		(1,460)	(2,800)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		3,405	(3,252)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		4,475	7,727
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	15	7,880	4,475

The National Childminding Association of Ireland NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

1. General Information

The National Childminding Association of Ireland is a company limited by guarantee incorporated and registered in the Republic of Ireland. The registered number of the company is 283469. The registered office of the company is 1st Floor, 39 Wexford Road, Arklow, Co. Wicklow. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102).

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014.

Income

Income has been accounted for on an accrual basis. Funding from Pobal and membership fees are recognised upon entry into the company's accounting system.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Computer equipment - 33% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment - 20% Straight line
Office furniture - 20% Straight line
Office equipment & furnishings - 20% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to €13,829 (2020 €13,263). There were no outstanding or prepaid contributions at the balance sheet date.

Taxation and deferred taxation

The company has obtained charitable status for taxation purposes.

3. Departure from Companies Act 2014 Presentation

The directors have elected to present an Income and Expenditure Account instead of a Profit and Loss Account in these financial statements as this company is a not-for-profit entity.

The National Childminding Association of Ireland NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

4. Going concern

The company incurred an operating surplus of €268 (2020: Surplus (€963)) and has net assets of €12,102 as at the reporting date. The company has received confirmation of the funding it is to receive from Pobal for the year ending 31 December 2022 and has continued to receive funding on a monthly basis in line with indicated funding. Based on the above the Directors are satisfied to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

5.	Operating surplus	2021	2020
	Operating surplus is stated after charging:	€	€
	Depreciation of tangible assets	4,741	6,676
	-m (7V 4) el		S======
6.	Interest payable and similar expenses	2021	2020
		€	€
	Interest		28

7. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 5, (2020 - 5).

	2021 Number	2020 Number
Band 1 - €10,000-€60,000	4	4
Band 4 - €80,000-€90,000	-	1
Band 5 - €90,000-€100,000	1	
	5	5

8.	Tangible	accete
Ο.	I allulule	assets

Tangible assets	Computer equipment	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Office furniture	Office equipment & furnishings	Total
ies Pla: -	i dati €	€	€	rumsnings €	€
Cost	_				
At 1 January 2021	11,555	56,685	1,470	9,908	79,618
Additions	1,460		-		1,460
At 31 December 2021	13,015	56,685	1,470	9,908	81,078
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2021	11,249	54,598	820	5,225	71,892
Charge for the financial year	307	2,053	294	2,087	4,741
III FIRMS	11.550	50.054	4 44 4	7.010	70.000
At 31 December 2021	11,556	56,651	1,114	7,312	76,633
Net book value	<u>, </u>				·
At 31 December 2021	1,459	34	356	2,596	4,445
	=======================================	-			
At 31 December 2020	306	2,087	650	4,683	7,726

The National Childminding Association of Ireland NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

9.	Debtors	2021 €	2020 €
	Prepayments	10,021	5,015
10.	Creditors Amounts falling due within one year	2021 €	2020 €
	Trade creditors Accruals	4,134 6,110	4,123 1,259
		10,244	5,382

11. Grant

Name of Grantor Pobal - Department of Children & Youth Affairs

Name of Grant Early Childhood Care & Education Programmes

Purpose of Grant Service Provision / Charitable Activities - €340,000

Amount of Total Grant Awarded €340,000

Term of Total Grant Awarded (2021) 1 Year

Total Grant taken into income in 2021 €340,000

Capital Grants €

Restrictions The use of the Grant is restricted for the delivery of a service as

laid out in the Implementation Plan submitted to Pobal

The company held a tax clearance certificate at the time of

signing these financial statements.

12. Status

The National Childminding Association of Ireland is a company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital. Every member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of its being wound up while they are members or within one year thereafter for the payment of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before they ceased to be members and the costs, charges and expenses of winding up and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributors among themselves such amount as may be required, not exceeding €1.27.

13. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 December 2021.

14. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

15.	Cash and cash equivalents	2021 €	2020 €
	Cash and bank balances	7,880	4,475

16. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 7 May 2022.

